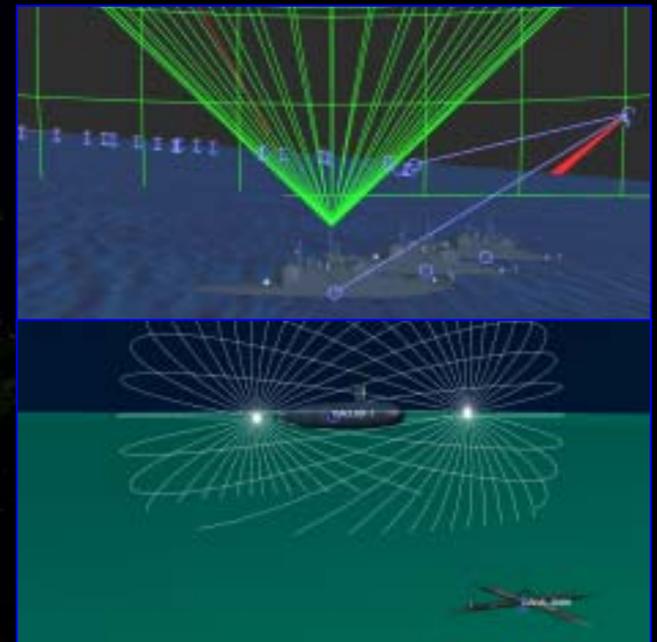
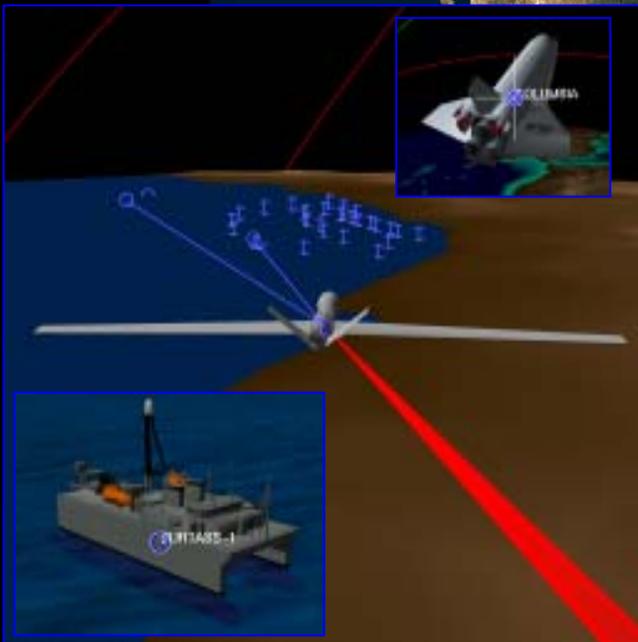




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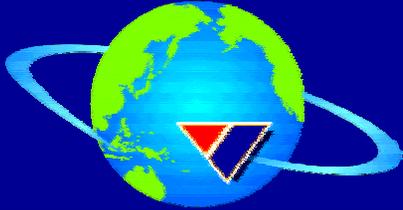
Test Technology Symposium 2003

Virtual Communication Links



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**ADVANCED
VIRTUAL
INTELLIGENCE
SURVEILLANCE
RECONNAISSANCE**

**High Performance Computing Modernization Program
System of Systems Simulation (SOS) Portfolio
Virtual Communication Links Project (SOS-02)**

**Presented To:
Test Technology Symposium
26 June 2003**

**Presented By:
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System Virtual Prototyping Concept



- Build virtual prototypes Army, Navy, Air Force, joint, national, NATO, coalition, and hostile systems
- Combination of real and virtual components
- Use system real hardware and software as practical
- Otherwise use virtual components
 - Targets and target signatures
 - Environment
 - **Communication links**
 - Not enough real components available
- Virtual components
 - Equivalent performance
 - Equivalent interfaces
 - Variable fidelity (minimum fidelity but enough fidelity)





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System Virtual Prototyping Rationale



- **Minimize life cycle cost**
 - Early detection and correction of problems
 - Early test with external system elements
 - Early test with warfighter in the loop
 - System field testing
 - Pre-test planning, rehearsal, and evaluation
 - Post-test replay, evaluation, and validation for future tests
- **Optimize performance**
 - Evaluate system effectiveness
 - Understand complex interactions
 - Parameter variation
 - Visual representation of non-visual effects



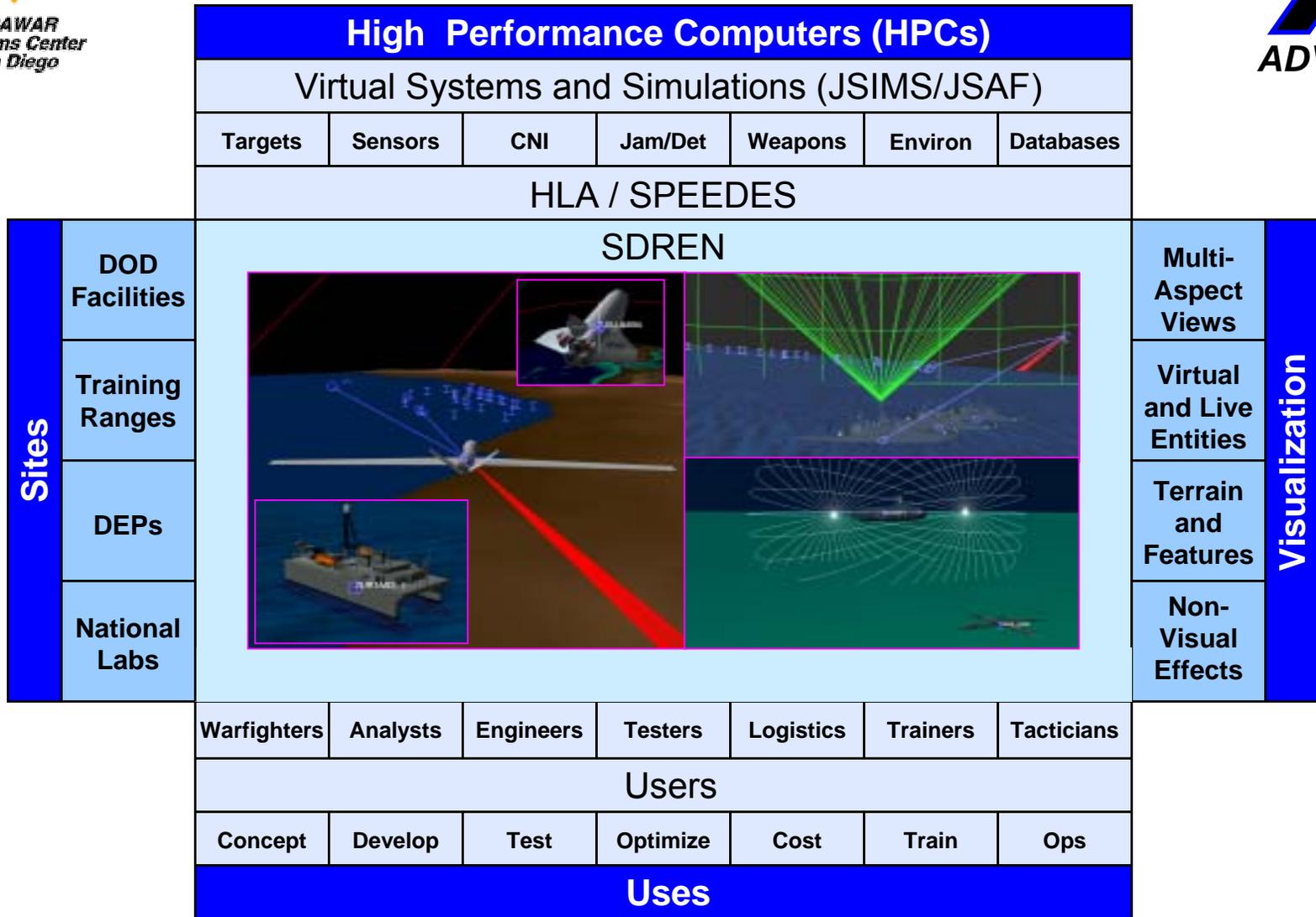
System Virtual Prototyping Rationale (continued)

- **Mitigate risk**
 - Assets and personnel
 - Test system in hostile areas unavailable in peace time
 - Testing unobservable by hostile forces that could otherwise monitor deployment, com links, and system performance
- **Transition to operational system use**
 - Training, mission planning and rehearsal, mission effectiveness
 - Performance evaluation of system modifications



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System-of-Systems Simulation





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National Common Database Initiative



- Navy, Army, Air Force, and other databases are stove-piped
- Install these databases on High Performance Computing (HPC) Modernization Program (HPCMP) assets
 - High Performance Computers
 - Secret Defense Research Engineering Network (SDREN)
- Databases maintained locally by their owners
- Database reflectors at remote sites provide rapid access to data
- Common interface for determining kind of data available
- Common interface for accessing the data
- Eliminate need for expensive, proprietary, difficult to manage, multiple, database managers on every computer (Oracle, Sybase, Access, FoxBASE, MySequel, Informix, etc.)
- Database Internet (availability, usability, association)





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Communications Essential to the Battlefield



- **No C2 without communications**
 - **Sensor tasking**
 - **Sensor reports**
 - **Target nomination, attack decision, and weapons pairing reports**
 - **Attack orders**
 - **Battle damage assessment**
- **Force coordination**
- **Force location via electronic navigation**
 - **GPS**
 - **TACAN**
 - **JTIDS relative navigation**
- **Force identification**
- **Communications intelligence**



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Communication Effects



- Range and antenna coverage
- Terrain and feature masking, diffraction/ducting, and multipath
- Over-the-horizon and relay
- Jamming and self interference
- Bit errors and voice quality
- Network bottlenecks and bandwidth
- Message priorities, cueing, and latencies
- Environment noise
- Detection, location, and identification
- Message interception and spoofing
- Traffic analysis



Virtual Communication Links Project Overview

- **High Performance Computing (HPC) Modernization Program (HPCMP)**
 - Common HPC Software Support Initiative (CHSSI)
 - System-of-Systems Simulation Portfolio Navy component
- **Generic user-programmable communication link**
- **Transmitter, propagation, environment, receiver**
- **Communication, Navigation, and Identification (CNI) Instantiations**
 - AN/ARC-164 UHF Radio
 - AN/ARC-186 VHF Radio
 - GPS User Set
 - Mark XII Identification Friend or Foe Interrogator and Transponder
- **Entities and satellites**
- **Jammer, detector, and spectrum analyzer tools**
- **Defense Modeling and Simulation Office (DMSO) High Level Architecture (HLA) compliant**



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ARC-164 UHF Radio



Use	Line-of-Sight Clear/Secure Voice Communication with Push-Button Tone Capability (Morse Code or Event Indicator)
Specification	RWV-001B, Specification for Radio Set AN/ARC-164(V), 28 Feb 1978
Tuning Range	225.000 to 399.975 MHz
Tuning Step Size	25 kHz \pm 2 kHz
Tuning Time	250 ms
Number of Channels	7000 with 20 Presets
Modulation	AM Voice 300 to 3500 Hz / AM Data 16.0 or 18.75 kbps Push-Button Tone at 1020 Hz \pm 20%
Sensitivity	4 μ V at Receiver RF Input Produces \geq 10 dB (S+N)/N at the Audio Output (30% Modulation at 1000 Hz)
Transmit Power	10 Watts CW
COMSEC	KY-58 with 16 kbps CVSD Voice
Guard Receiver	243.0 MHz AM Simultaneous (Rx Mode) with Main Rx





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ARC-186 VHF Radio



Use	Line-of-Sight Clear/Secure Voice Communication
Specification	ENAC 77-25, Technical Exhibit for Radio Set AN/ARC-186(V), 14 Feb 1980
Tuning Range	30.000 to 87.975 MHz (Tx and Rx FM) 108.000 to 151.975 MHz (Rx AM) 116.000 to 151.975 MHz (Tx AM)
Tuning Step Size	25 kHz \pm 2 kHz
Number of Channels	4080 with 20 Presets
Modulation	AM Voice 300 to 3200 Hz AM Data 16.0 or 18.75 kbps FM Voice \pm 5 kHz with \pm 1 kHz Variation FM Data 16.0 or 18.75 kbps
Transmit Power	10 Watts CW, 16 Watts in FM Band
COMSEC	KY-58 with 16 kbps CVSD Voice
Guard Receiver	121.5 MHz AM Simultaneous (Rx Mode) with Main Rx



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GPS



Use

Position and time determination

Method

User has 4 unknowns (3 spatial and 1 time)

GPS provides a constellation of satellites in low earth orbit

Time clocks on each satellite are precisely controlled

Each satellite transmits its location and relative clock offset to universal time to the user

User measures difference between own clock and satellite clocks (using code correlation) to 4 satellites

4 equations and 4 unknowns allow user to solve for unknowns (position and time)

Once user time is known, only 3 satellites are required for position determination (3 equations and 3 unknowns)

Velocity and accelerations can be calculated from position derivatives (or lock on additional satellites)

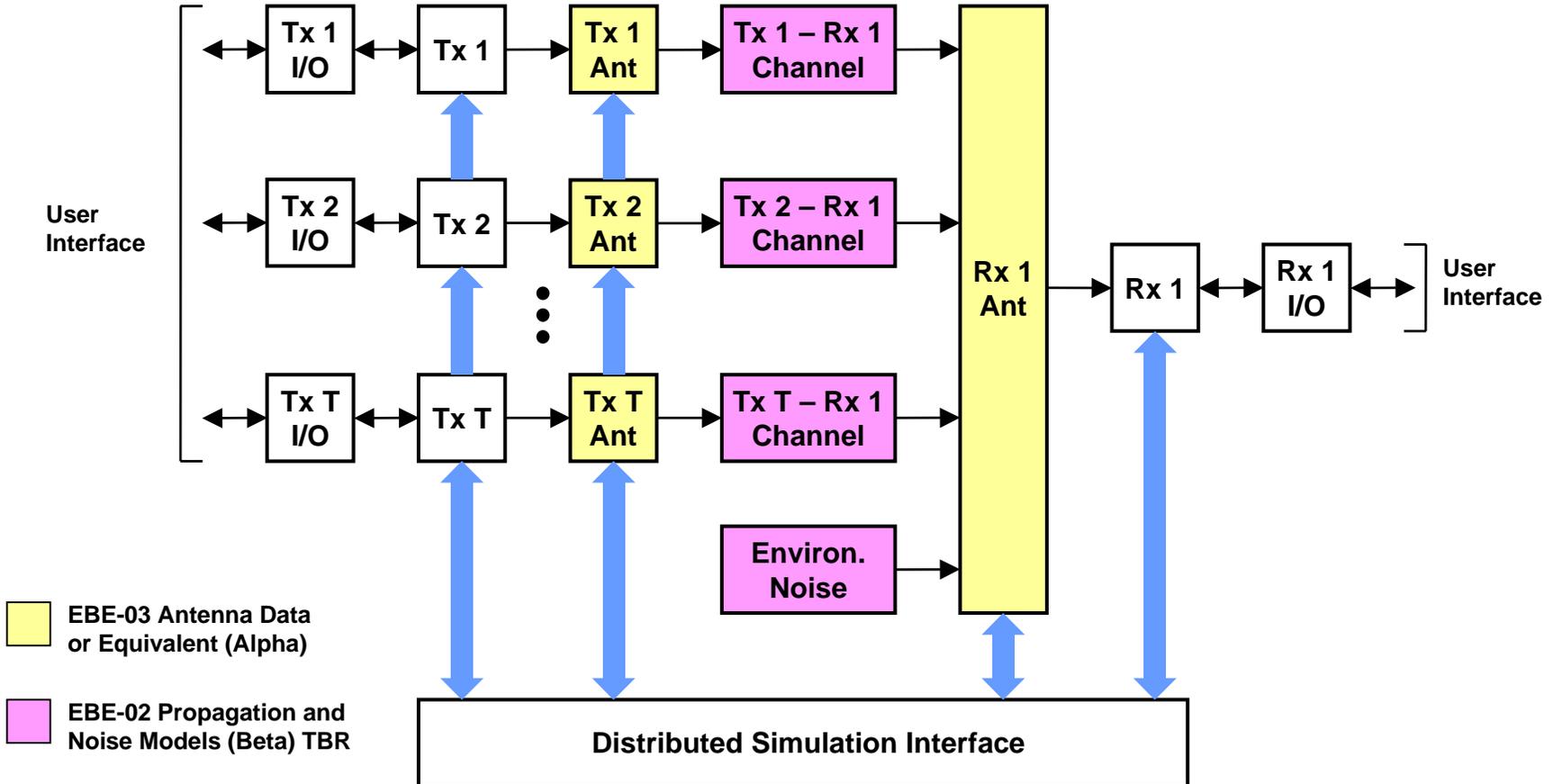
Mark XII IFF

Use	Cooperative Identification Friend or Foe (IFF)
Method	Interrogator transmits challenge (radar association) Transponder receives challenges and transmits replies if challenges are valid Interrogator evaluates replies
Compatibility	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Secondary Surveillance Radar (SRR) System and Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS)
Specification	DOD AIMS 65-1000B, Performance/Design and Qualification Requirements Technical Standard for the ATCRBS/IFF Mark XII Electronic Identification System, 29 April 1983
Frequencies	Challenge: 1030 ± 2 MHz Reply: 1090 ± 3 MHz
Antenna Polarization	Vertical



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General Radio Architecture Tx to Rx Functional Block Diagram





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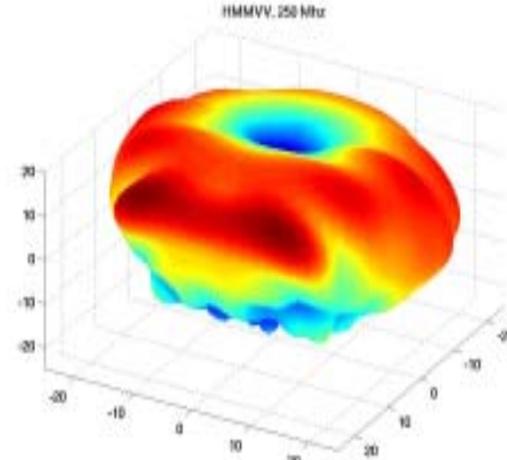
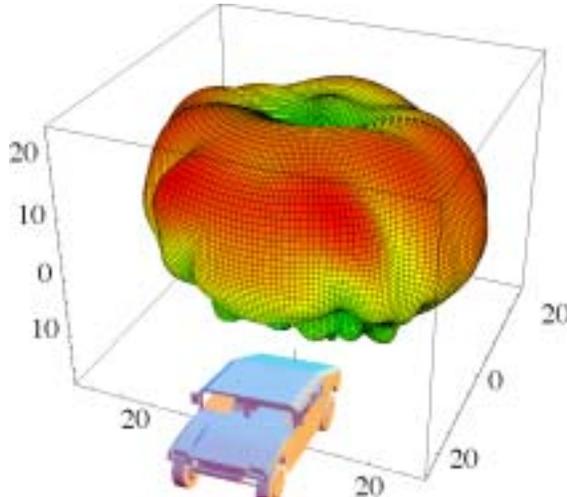
HMMWV 250 MHz



EBE-03

SOS-02 Using EBE-03 Data

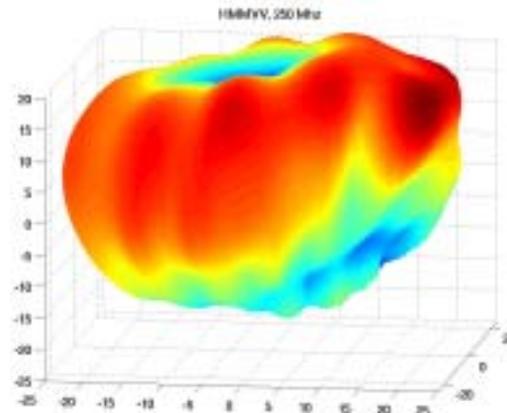
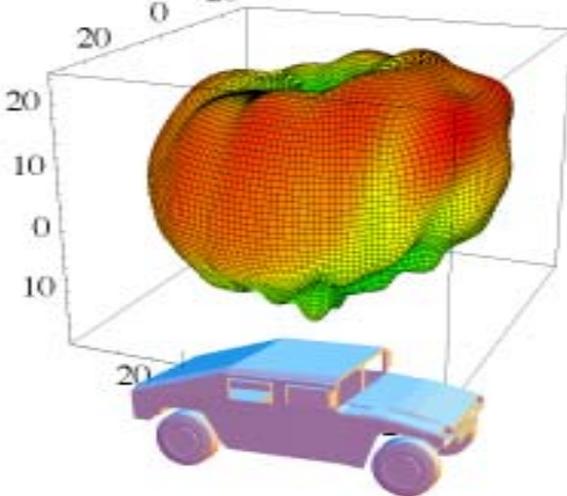
Front



EBE-03 plots
provided
courtesy of
Jay Rockway,
SSC San Diego

Notes: Gains are
representative
since antenna
placement and
type may be
different from
those on the
actual platform.
Different color
scales between
EBE and SOS
plots.

Side



System of Systems Simulation Portfolio
Virtual Communication Links Project

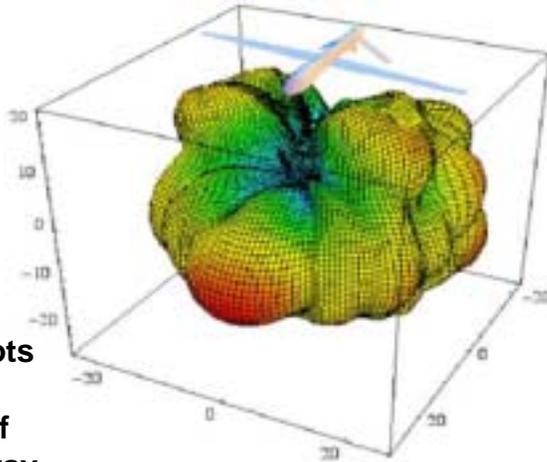


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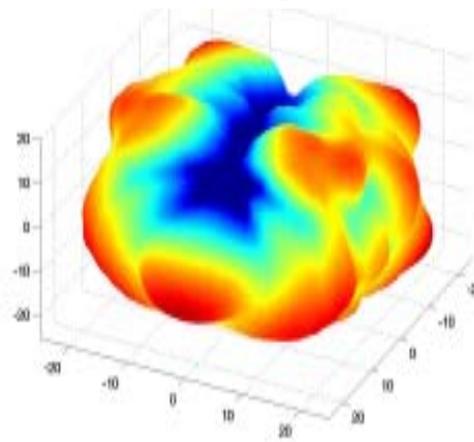
Predator 250 MHz Bottom



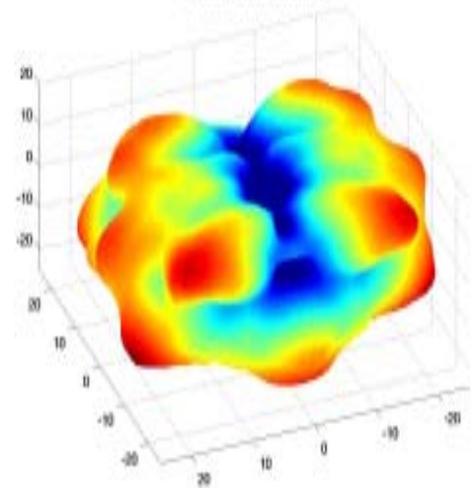
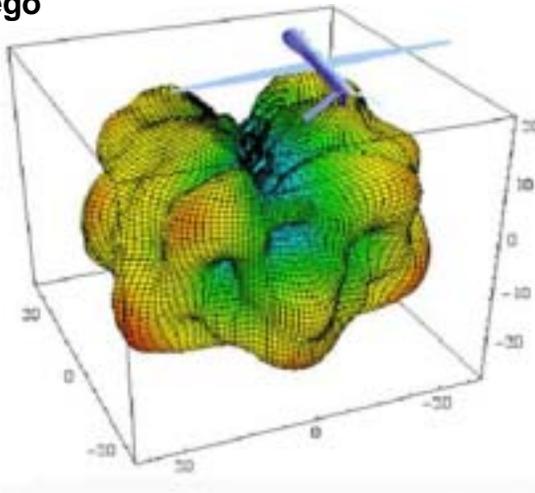
EBE-03



SOS-02 Using EBE-03 Data



EBE-03 plots
provided
courtesy of
Jay Rockway,
SSC San Diego



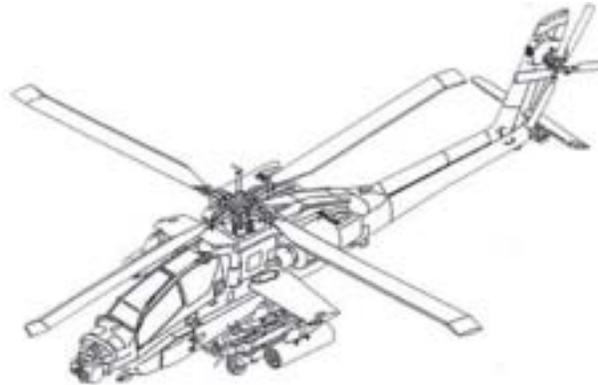
Notes: Gains are
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placement and
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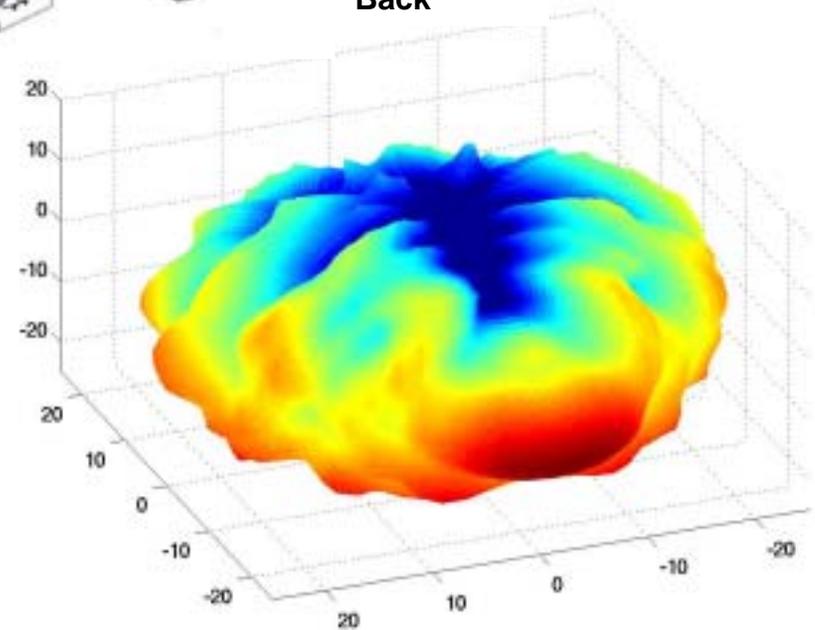
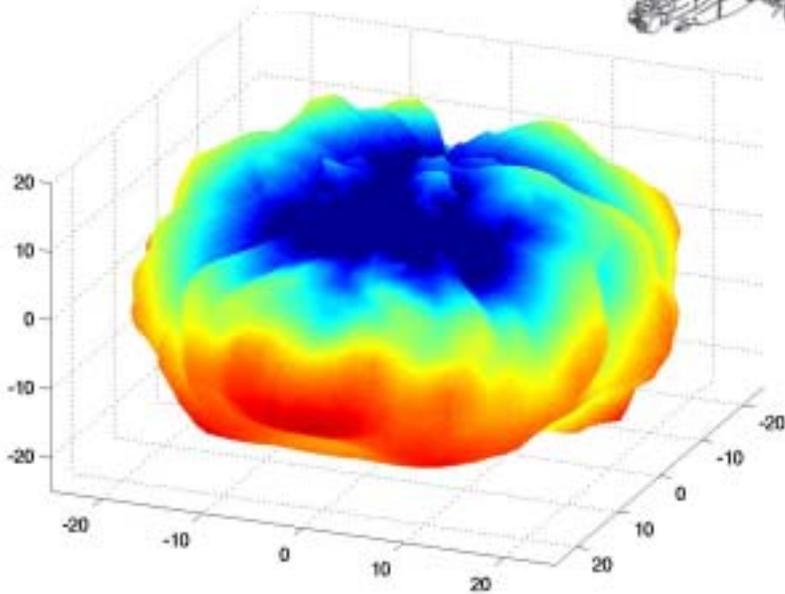
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Apache 250 MHz



Front

Back



Note: Gains are representative since antenna placement and type may be different from those on the actual platform.





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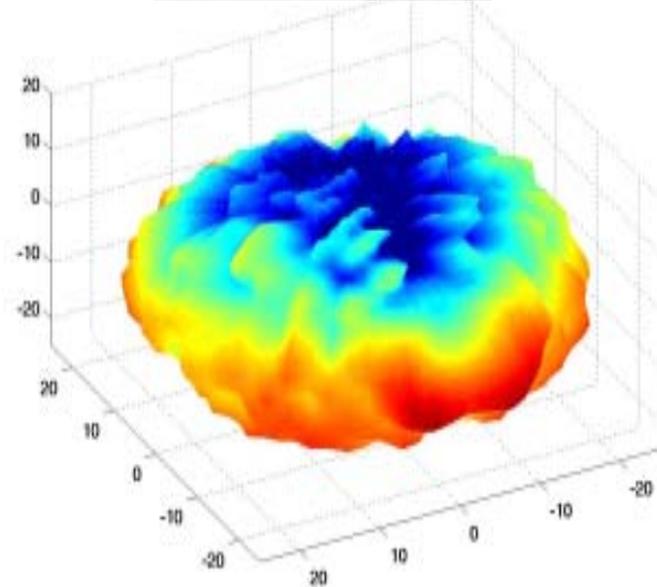
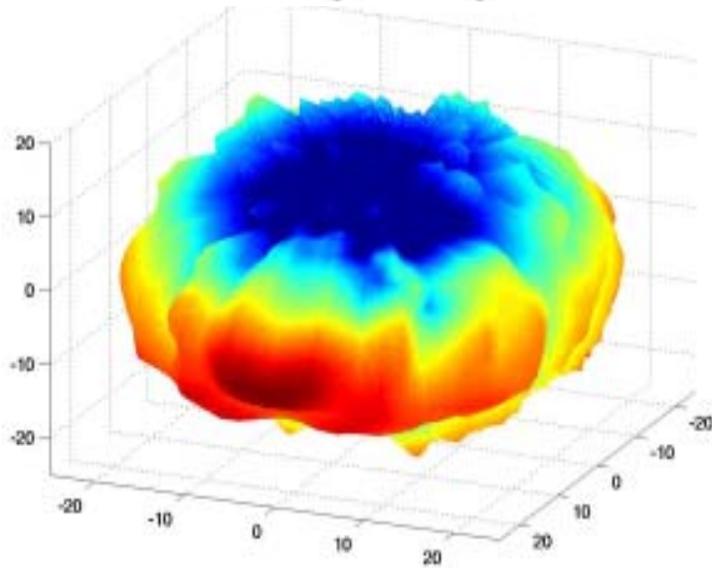
Apache 350 MHz



Front



Back



Note: Gains are representative since antenna placement and type may be different from those on the actual platform.

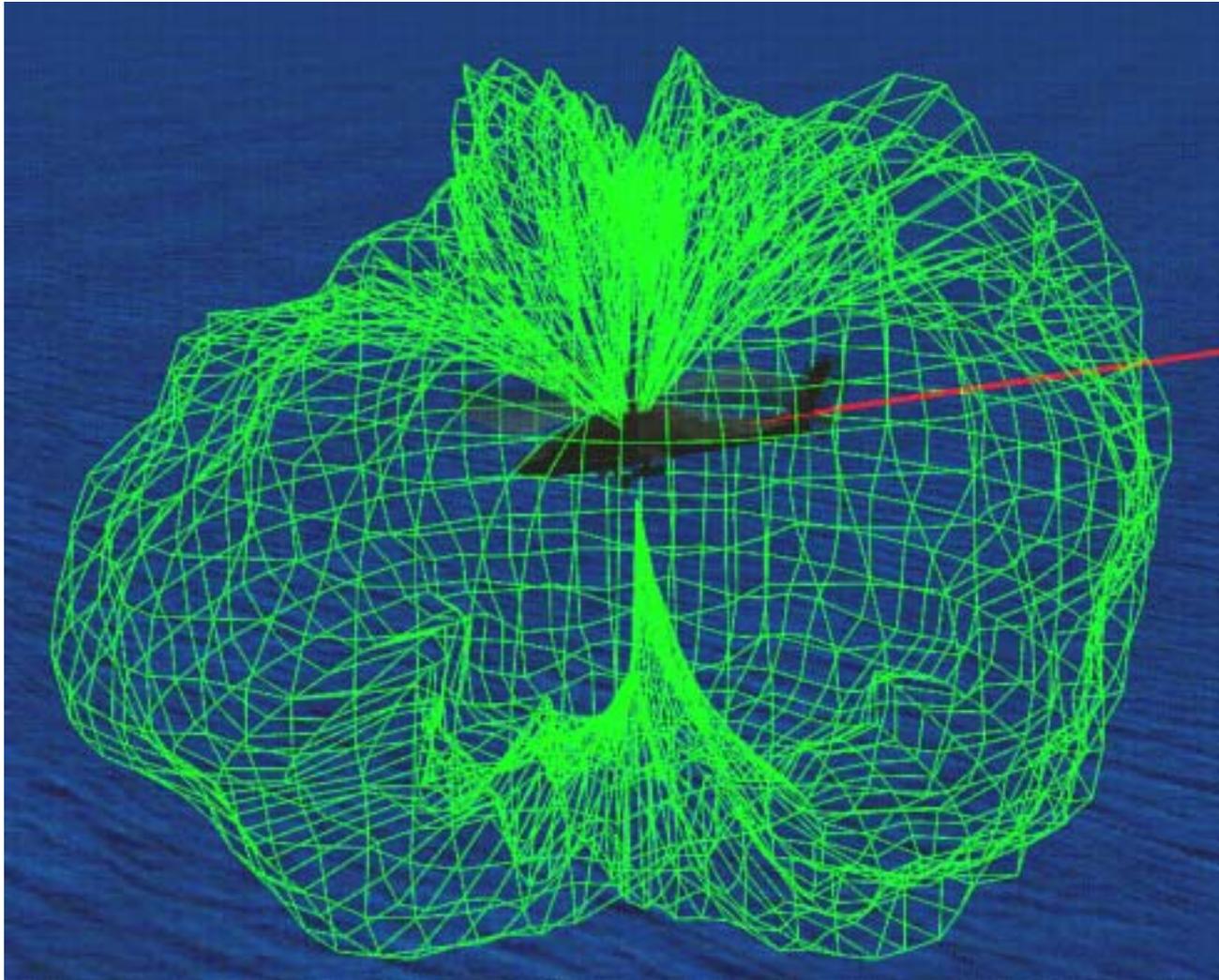




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Apache Antenna Pattern

250 MHz 3D Wire-Frame

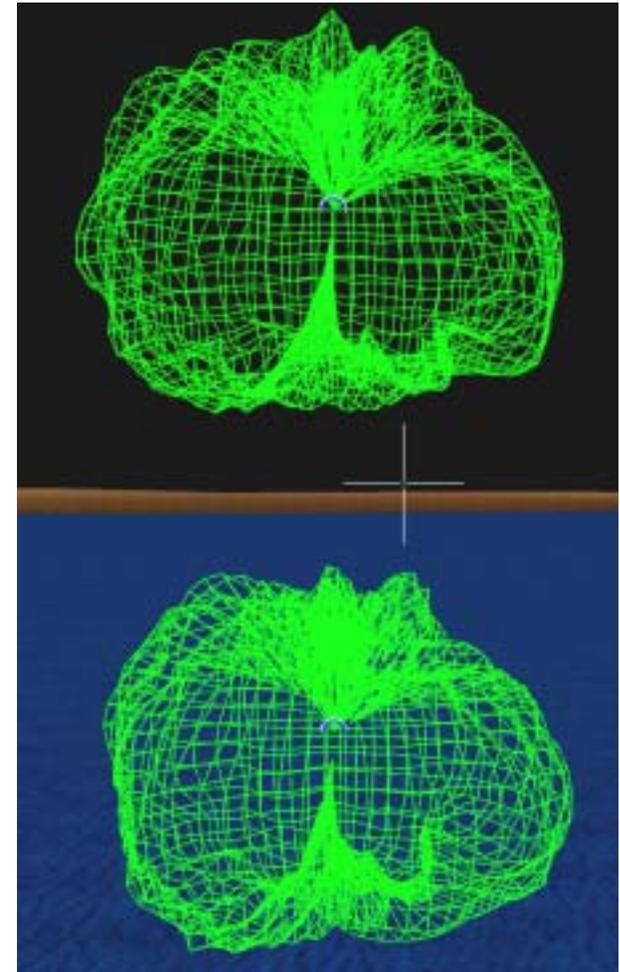
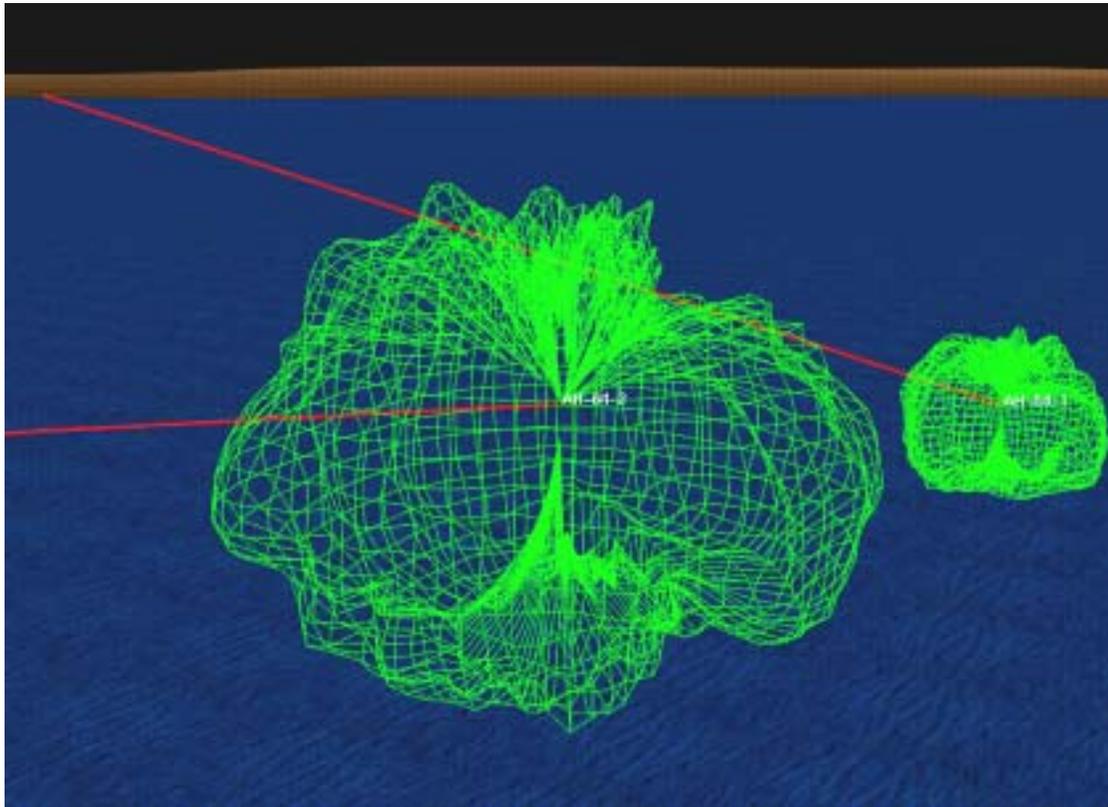




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Apache Antenna Patterns

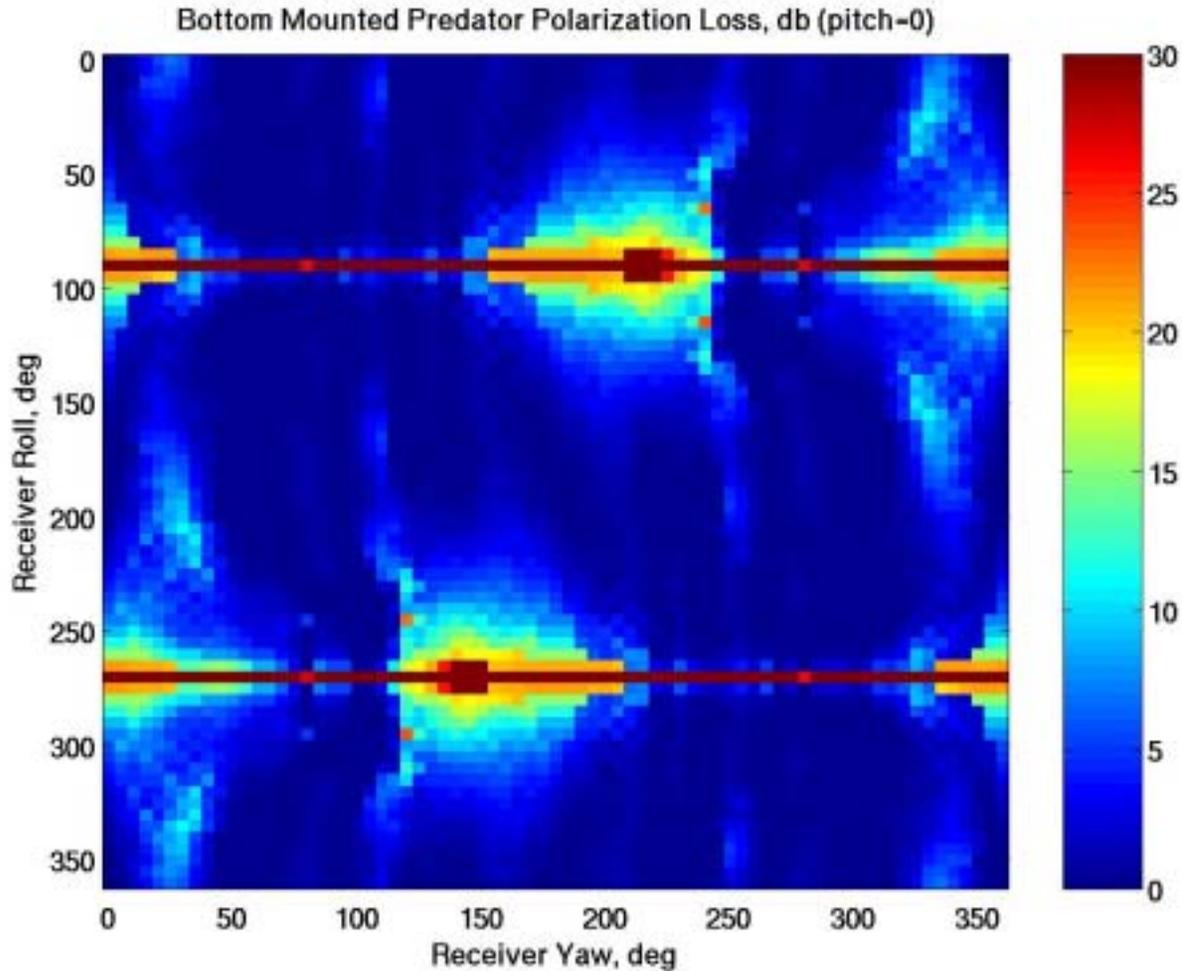
Two Entities in Simulation





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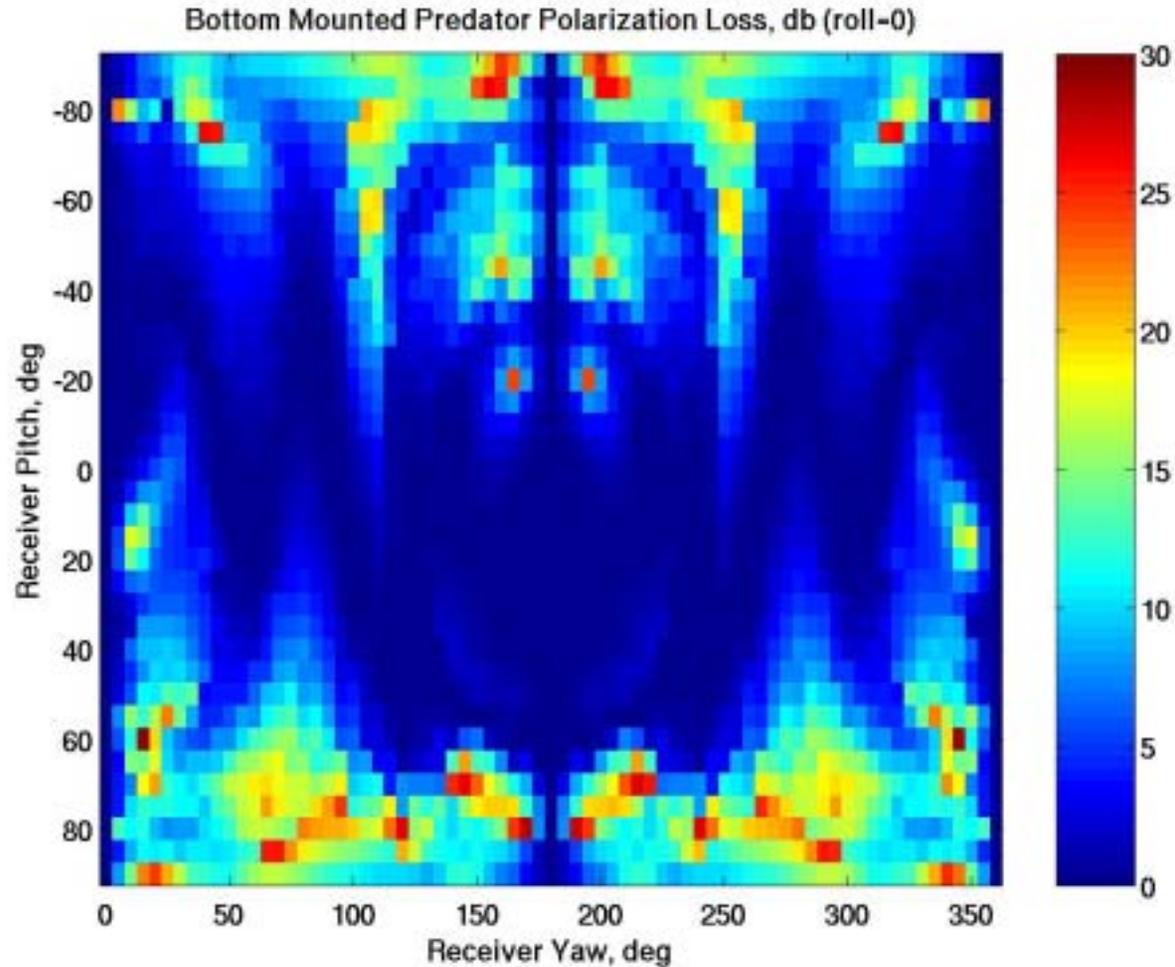
Polarization Loss Roll-Yaw





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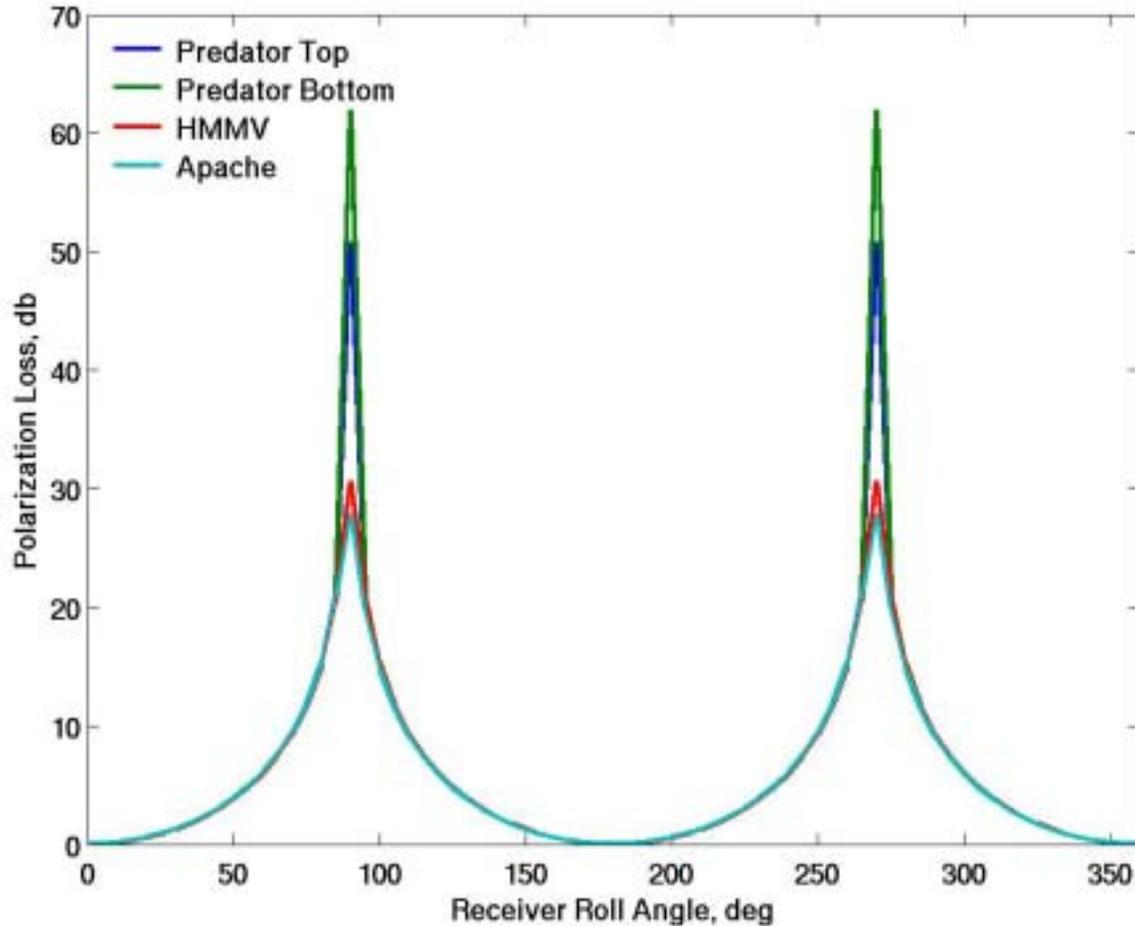
Polarization Loss Pitch-Yaw





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Polarization Loss vs. Roll vs. Platform





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Link Models



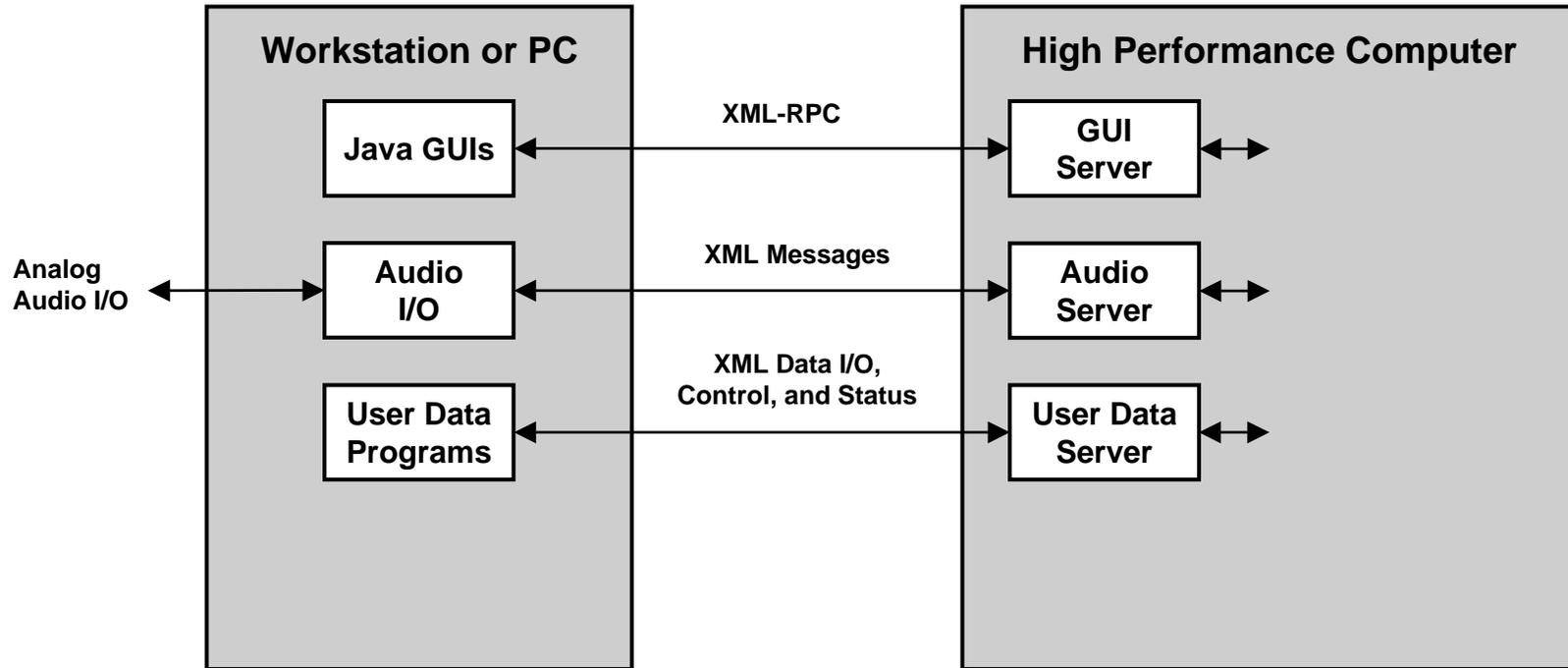
	<u>Alpha</u>	<u>Beta</u>	
Tx Power	√	√	
Tx Antenna Gain	√	√	EBE-03
Spherical Prop Loss	√	√	
Rx Antenna Gain	√	√	EBE-03
Modulation Gain	√	√	
Coding Gain	√	√	
Processing Gain	√	√	
Rx Noise Figure / Sensitivity	√	√	
Polarization Loss	√	√	
Multipath		√	EBE-02 ?
Terrain / Feature Effects		√	EBE-02 ?
Refraction / Ducting		√	EBE-02 ?
Scattering		√	EBE-02 ?
Absorption Loss		√	EBE-02 ?
Environment Noise (Sun, Earth, Moon, Stars, Sun Spots, Lightning, Rain, etc)		√	EBE-02 ?





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User Interfaces Tx or Rx I/O



Note: Java GUIs, Audio I/O, and User Data Programs May Reside on an HPC (Depending on HPC Capabilities and User Needs)

Note: One or More of Each Server Can Run Depending on Loading and User Needs





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AN/ARC-164 UHF Radio Virtual Components



LOD 2

Java Virtual Components GUI

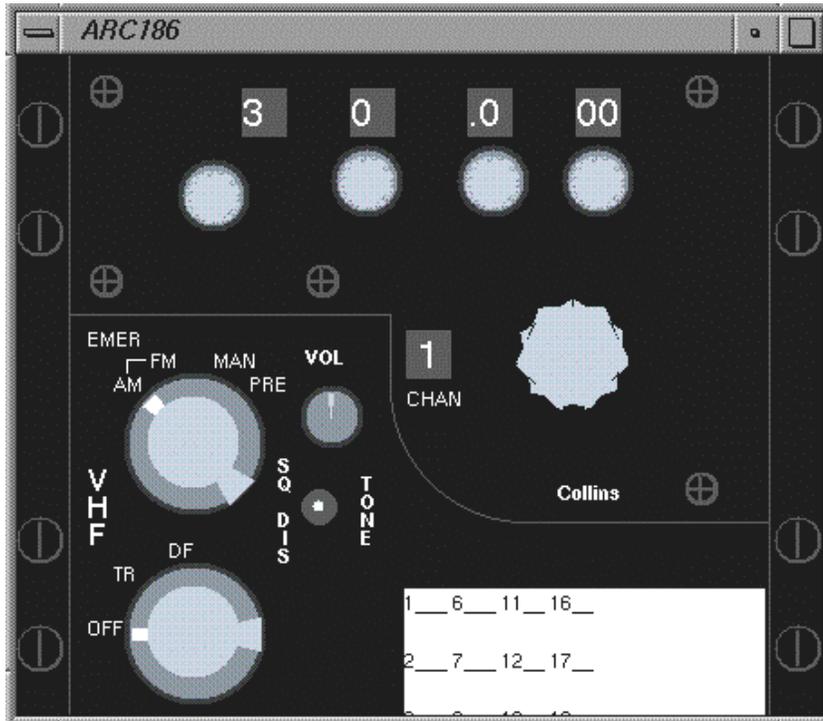
Real Radio





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AN/ARC-186 VHF Radio Virtual Components



LOD 2
Java Virtual Components GUI



Real Radio



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AN/WRN-6 GPS User Set



Java Virtual Components GUI



Real GPS User Set



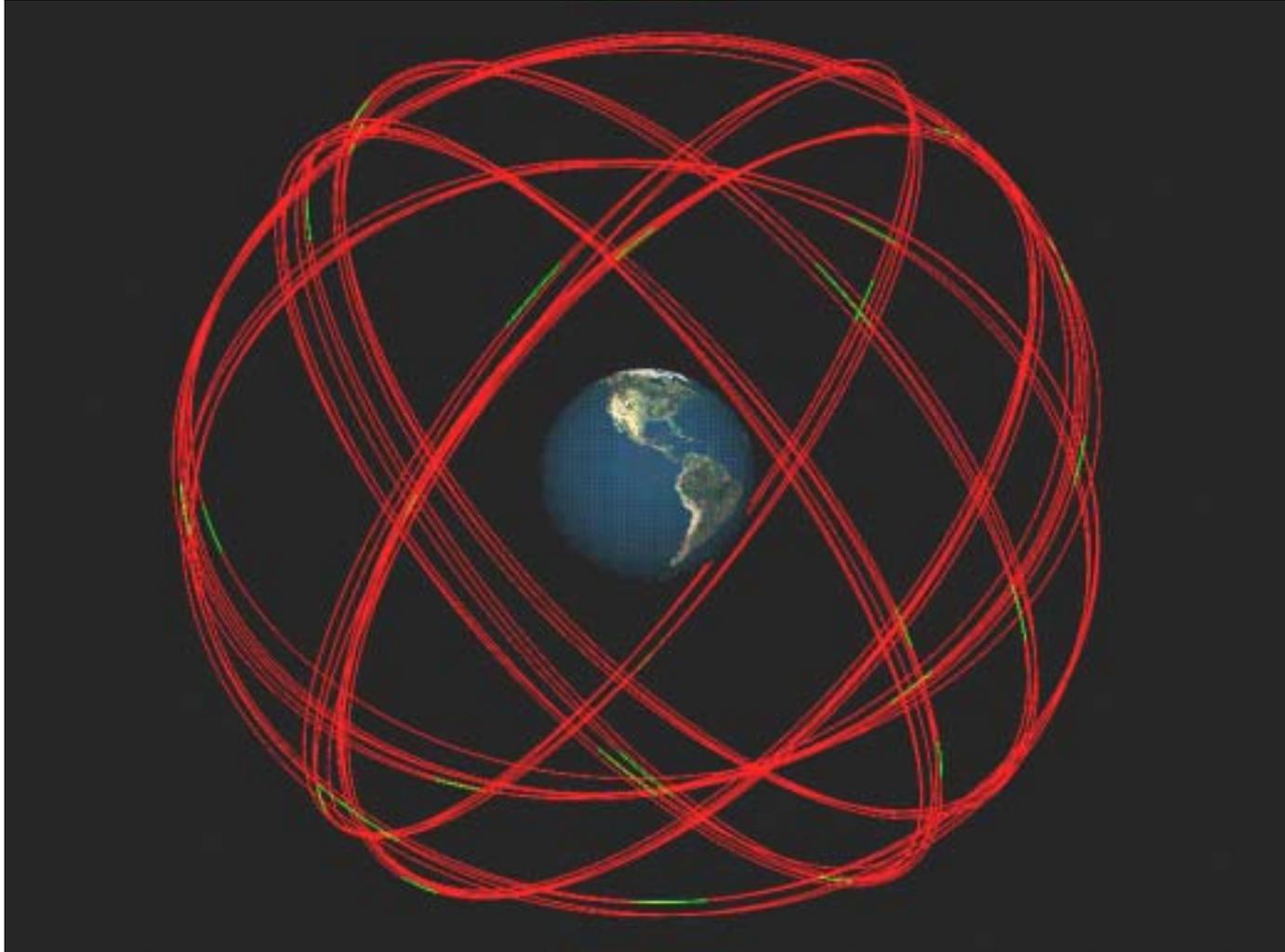


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GPS Satellite Constellation

Earth View of 29 Satellite Orbits

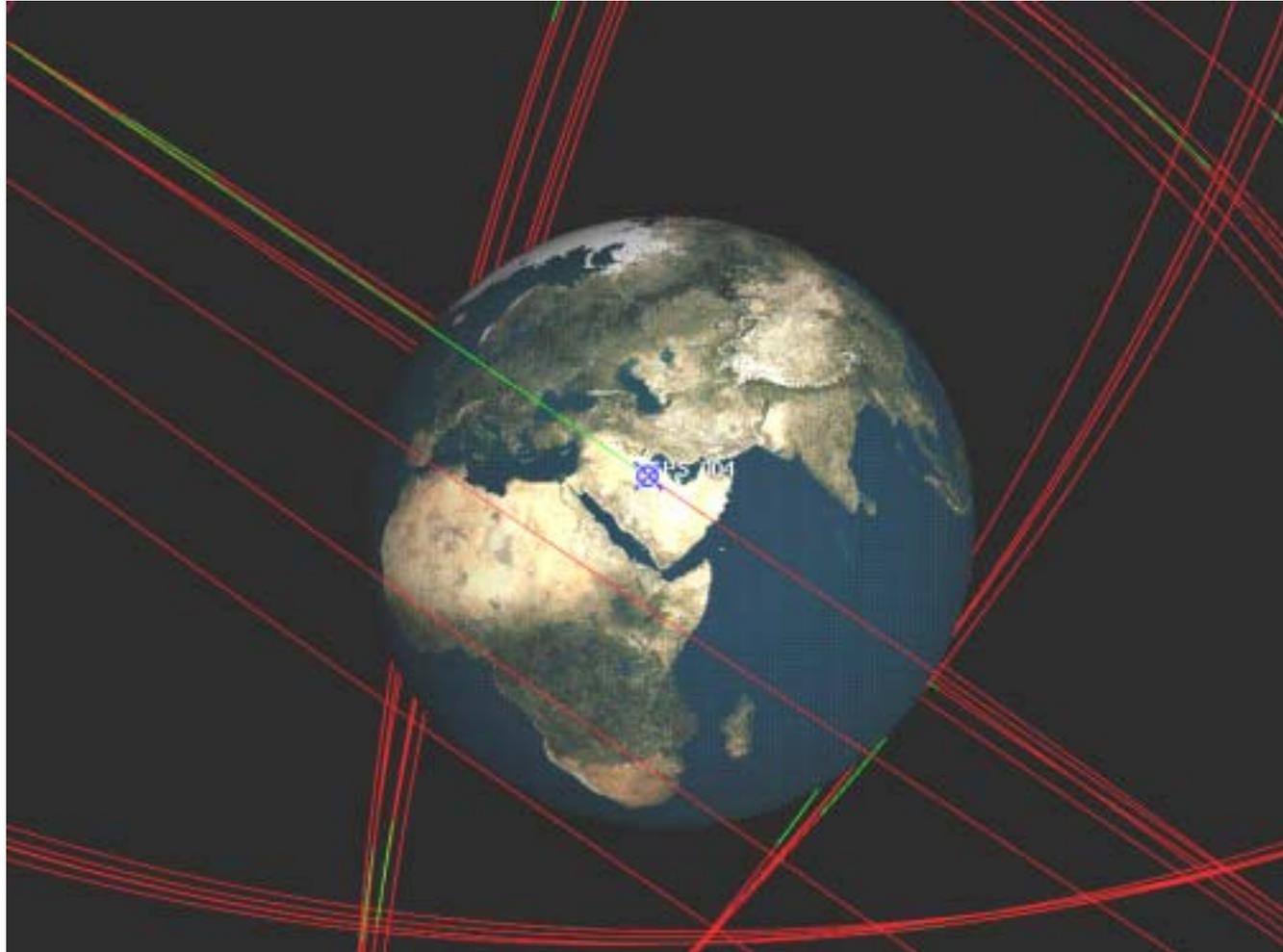
Orbits from NORAD Two-Line Data





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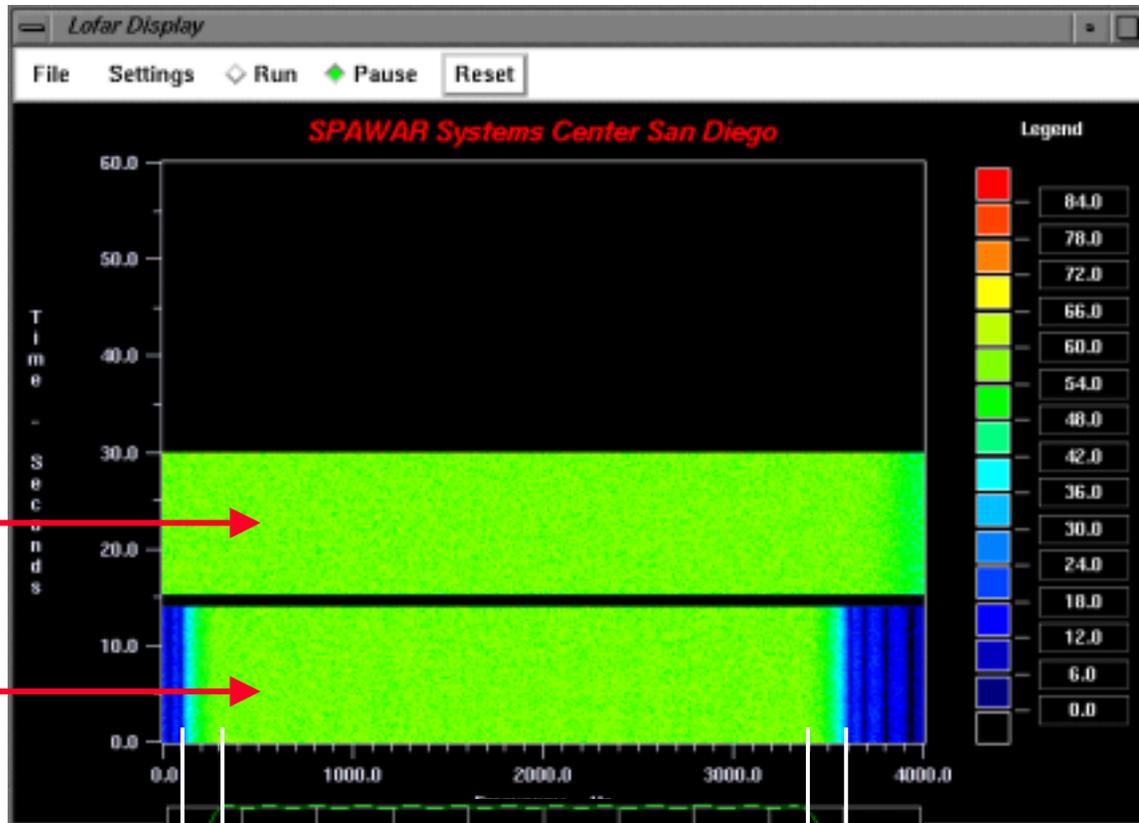
GPS Satellite Constellation Entity View



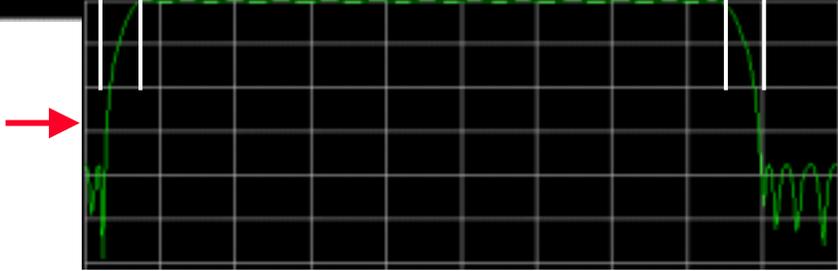


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Voice and Noise Filters Provide Realistic Radio Audio



300-3400 Hz Pass Band
0.5 dB Pass Band Ripple
40 dB Stop Band Atten
200 Hz Transition Band



FIR Filter (63-Tap) Frequency Response Per MIL-STD-188-113



SAT Scenario

